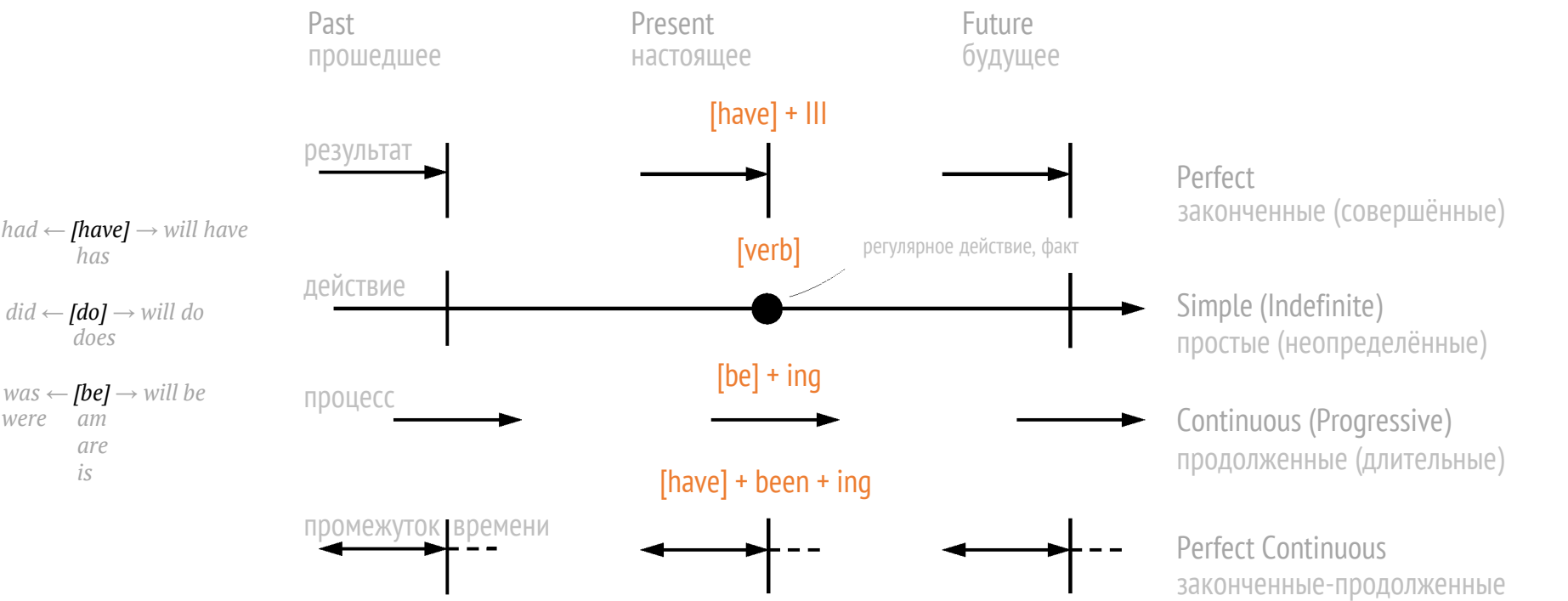


Все английские времена

в одной простой схеме

Действительный залог

лицо (или предмет), выраженное подлежащим, само производит действие (он делает)



Формулы:

[have] + III

[verb]

[be] + ing

[have] + been + ing

Past	Present	Future	
<i>I had watched</i>	<i>I have watched</i>	<i>I will have watched</i>	Perfect
<i>I watched (II)</i>	<i>I watch</i>	<i>I will watch</i>	Simple
<i>I was watching</i>	<i>I am watching</i>	<i>I will be watching</i>	Continuous
<i>I had been watching</i>	<i>I have been watching</i>	<i>I will have been watching</i>	Perfect Continuous

смысловые глаголы во второй форме встречаются только в этом времени и только в утвердительных предложениях

Past	Present	Future	
<i>had he had watched?</i>	<i>hashe has watched?</i>	<i>will he will have watched?</i>	Perfect
<i>he watched → did he did watch?</i>	<i>he watches → does he does watch?</i>	<i>will he will watch?</i>	Simple
<i>was he was watching?</i>	<i>is he is watching?</i>	<i>will he will be watching?</i>	Continuous
<i>had he had been watching?</i>	<i>has he has been watching?</i>	<i>will he will have been watching?</i>	Perfect Continuous

Вопрос

перенести вспомогательный глагол (одно слово) в начало предложения. Если вспомогательного глагола нет, вставить [do] и потом — перенести

Past	Present	Future	
<i>we had not watched</i>	<i>we have not watched</i>	<i>we will not have watched</i>	Perfect
<i>we watched → we did not watch</i>	<i>we watch → we do not watch</i>	<i>we will not watch</i>	Simple
<i>we were not watching</i>	<i>we are not watching</i>	<i>we will not be watching</i>	Continuous
<i>we had not been watching</i>	<i>we have not been watching</i>	<i>we will not have been watching</i>	Perfect Continuous

Отрицание

not после вспомогательного глагола. Если вспомогательного глагола нет, вставить [do] и после него — not

Формы глаголов

- I — Основная форма — *open* (открывать)
- II — Прошедшее время — *opened* (открыл)
- III — Причастие прошедшего времени — *opened* (открытый)
- IV — Причастие настоящего времени — *opening* (открывающий)
- V — Герундий (отглагольное существительное) — *opening* (открывание)

смысловой глагол передаёт действие

— *I have done* — я сделал (я имею сделанным)

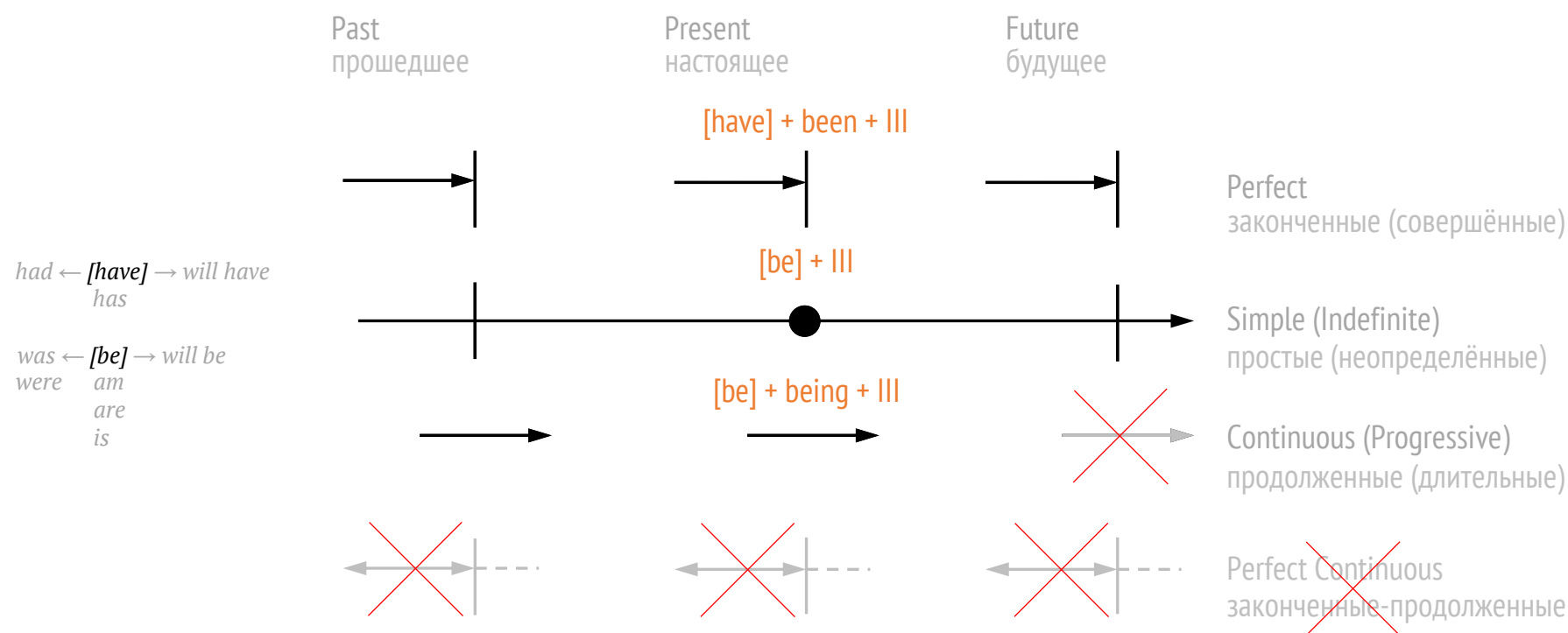
вспомогательный глагол помогает построить фразу (выстроить время, сменить залог, аспект или наклонение)

Все английские времена

в одной простой схеме

Страдательный залог

лицо (или предмет), выраженное подлежащим, испытывает действие на себе (над ним проделывают)



Формулы:

[have] + been + III
[be] + III
[be] + being + III

Past	Present	Future	
<i>the program had been installed</i>	<i>the program has been installed</i>	<i>the program will have been installed</i>	Perfect
<i>the program was installed</i>	<i>the program is installed</i>	<i>the program will be installed</i>	Simple
<i>the program was being installed</i>	<i>the program is being installed</i>		Continuous

Вопрос

перенести вспомогательный глагол (одно слово) в начало предложения

Past	Present	Future	
<i>had the program had been installed?</i>	<i>has the program has been installed?</i>	<i>will the program will have been installed?</i>	Perfect
<i>was the program was installed?</i>	<i>is the program is installed?</i>	<i>will the program will be installed?</i>	Simple
<i>was the program was being installed?</i>	<i>is the program is being installed?</i>		Continuous

Отрицание

not после вспомогательного глагола

Past	Present	Future	
<i>the program hadn't been installed</i>	<i>the program hasn't been installed</i>	<i>the program won't have been installed</i>	Perfect
<i>the program wasn't installed</i>	<i>the program isn't installed</i>	<i>the program won't be installed</i>	Simple
<i>the program wasn't being installed</i>	<i>the program isn't being installed</i>		Continuous

Распространённые сокращения

was not — wasn't
were not — weren't
is not — isn't
are not — aren't
have not — haven't
had not — hadn't
will not — won't

I am — I'm
I will — I'll
I have — I've
I had — I'd (реже)
I would — I'd (чаще)

he is — he's
he has — he's
she is — she's
she has — she's

it is — it's
it has — it's
we are — we're
we would — we'd

what is — what's
where is — where's
who is — who's
how is — how's

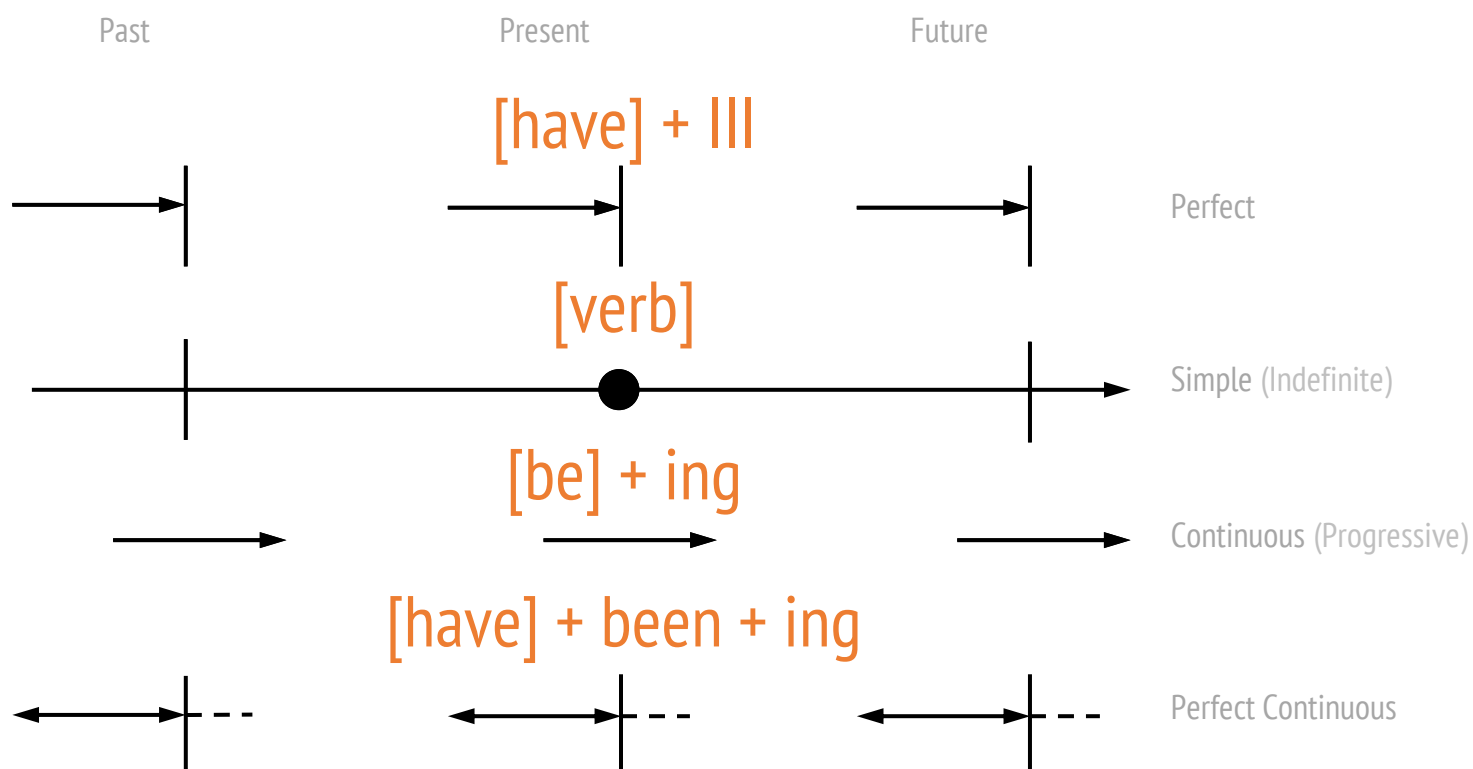
going to — gonna (собираться сделать что-то)
want to — wanna (хотеть)
got to — gotta (должен)

cannot — can't
do not — don't
did not — didn't

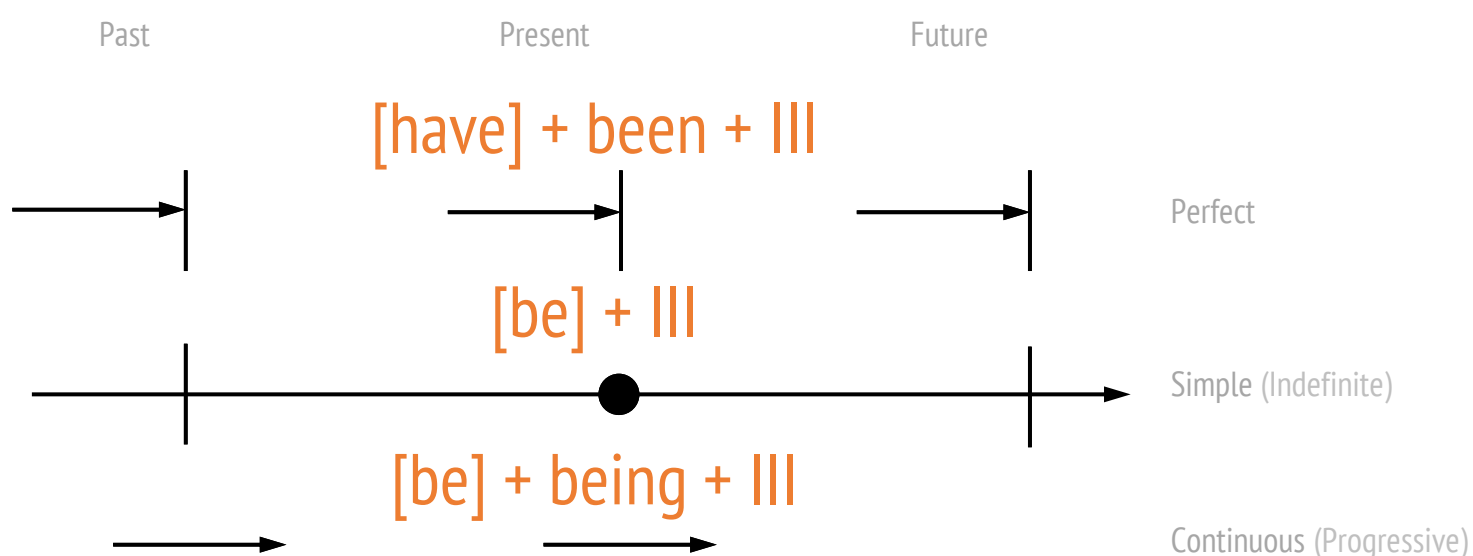
must not — mustn't
should not — shouldn't

Все английские времена

Действительный залог



Страдательный залог



had ← *[have]* → *will have*
has

did ← *[do]* → *will do*
does

was ← *[be]* → *will be*
were *am*
are
is